



English Name

Swahili Name

Scientific Name

Yellowfin tuna	Jodari mapezi njano	<i>Thunnus albacares</i>
Skipjack	Zamuba/Sehewa mraba	<i>Katsuwonus pelamis</i>
Bigeye tuna	Jodari macho makubwa	<i>Thunnus obesus</i>
Albacore tuna	Jodari msumari	<i>Thunnus alalunga</i>
Longtail tuna	Jodari mkia mrefu	<i>Thunnus tonggol</i>
Kawakawa	Sehewa	<i>Euthynnus affinis</i>
Frigate tuna	Sehewa damudamu	<i>Auxis thazard</i>
Bullet tuna	Sehewa risasi	<i>Auxis rochei</i>
Narrow barred Spanish Mackerel	Nguru	<i>Scomberomorus commerson</i>
Indo-Pacific king mackerel	Wahoo/Nguru mkondo	<i>Scomberomorus guttatus</i>
Blue Marlin	Samusuli buluu	<i>Makaira nigricans</i>
Black Marlin	Samusuli mwensi	<i>Makaira indica</i>
Striped Marlin	Samusuli mujitari	<i>Tetrapturus audax</i>
Indo-Pacific Sailfish	Mbasi kuti/Nduwaro kuti	<i>Istiophorus platypterus</i>
Swordfish	Nduwaro/Mbasi	<i>Xiphias gladius</i>



Albacore



Bigeye tuna

Yellowfin tuna

Skipjack tuna

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THE WORLD BANK

DEEP SEA FISHING AUTHORITY (DSFA)

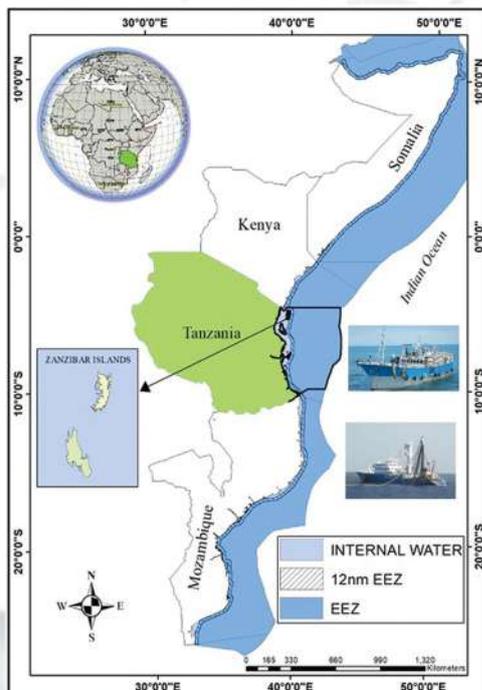


“Invest in the Tanzania’s Exclusive Economic Zone (EEZ)”

1. About Tanzania’s EEZ

The United Republic of Tanzania has an Exclusive Economic Zone (EEZ) of 223,000 km² rich in fish abundance and biodiversity. The EEZ can be fished by over 90 fishing vessels annually. Fishing activities in the Tanzania’s EEZ are developed, managed and regulated by the Deep Sea Fishing Authority of Tanzania (DSFA) under the Deep Sea Fisheries Management and Development Act, Cap 388 of 2020 and its Regulations of 2021.

Map showing the EEZ of Tanzania



2. Why Invest in Deep Sea Fishing in Tanzania?

- Abundance of fisheries resources supported by geographical location;
- Friendly and transparent instruments on fisheries including policies, acts and regulations;
- Political and social stability: marine security (terrorism free zone); and
- Population and economic growth: high demand of fish and purchase power.

3. Investment Opportunities

The investment opportunities in deep sea fishing in Tanzania include but not limited to:

- Establishment of necessary fisheries-related infrastructures for berthing, offloading, transshipment and storage of fish;
- Carrying out fishing activities of the abundantly available fish such as tuna and tuna like;
- Deployment of supporting vessels to supply water, food, fuel and Fish Aggregating Devices (FADs);
- Building and running fish processing plants;
- Installing ice making plants and fish storage facilities such as cold rooms;
- Exportation of fish and fish products;
- Provision of services and materials for fish processing plant;
- Building of factories to manufacture and supply fishing gears and vessels;
- Construction of dry docks, vessel servicing and maintenance facilities (workshops) for fishing vessels;
- Conducting of research and establishment of protected marine areas (MPAs) and sport fishing; and
- Fish farming for human consumption and fish baits fro deep sea fishing.
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4. Potential Incentives

In accordance with the Deep Sea Fisheries Management and Development Act, Cap 388 of 2020 and its Regulations of 2021, the following are incentives available for deep sea fishing:

- Reduction in fishing license charges for local investors (84% for long line and 70% for purse seine);
- Entering into joint venture and charter agreements between local and foreign investors;
- Direct application of fishing license applications (no need for an agent);
- Other incentives as may be gazetted by the Government from time to time (including fuel levy, fishing gears importation, docking of fishing vessels, soft loans and tax exemption)

5. Terms and Conditions for incentives

- Three years feasibility study of an investment to be undertaken;
- Business expectancy or existence annual income;
- An approval of existence of business; and
- Any other information as may be required.

6. Commercial fish species

There are 15 tuna and tuna-like species harvested in the Tanzania’s EEZ. There are two fishing seasons, namely from May to September for purse seine and October to March for long line fishing.